Aims and objectives of this presentation
Senior adults represent a growing population with specific problems. Individual life expectancy is a key decision driver . . . provided it is approachable.

The key points to be covered are the following
• Age by itself is usually irrelevant, unlike comorbidities
• Survival predictive factor exist, combined in practical tools
• Reliable screening tools for geriatrician referral exist
• A multidisciplinary program with geriatricians is key

14:30 - 16:30
Introduction: Who we are, objectives
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

14:30 - 16:30
Senior adults: A growing population
S. O’Hanlon

14:30 - 16:30
Senior adults are undertreated
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

14:30 - 16:30
Age is not a key factor regarding major surgery (muscle invasive bladder experience)
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)

14:30 - 16:30
Clinical cases (to set the scene): Evaluation of comorbidities in practice / individual life expectancy
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)
S. O’Hanlon

14:30 - 16:30
How to evaluate individual life expectancy in practice
S. O’Hanlon

14:30 - 16:30
How to evaluate individual comorbidities in practice
S. O’Hanlon

14:30 - 16:30
An example of the added value of a dedicated program and its prerequisites / what to do in real life
S. O’Hanlon

14:30 - 16:30
Conclusion
N. Mottet, Saint-Étienne (FR)